

38991 to 39101—Continued.

39083. *POUPARTIA AXILLARIS* (Roxb.) King and Prain. Anacardiaceæ.
(*Poupartia fordii* Hemsl.)

39084. *STEPHANIA ROTUNDA* Lour. Menispermaceæ.

Distribution.—A climbing shrub with peltate leaves and umbels of small berries, found on the tropical and temperate slopes of the Himalayas in India, and in Siam and Cochin China.

"*Cu-mot-tu-nhien*. Twining shrubby stem, very long, unarmed, glabrous; leaves peltate, trigonal, rounded, pointed, glabrous, alternate, petioled; flowers dioecious, in compound lateral umbels; male flowers, calyx with six subacute spreading sepals, corolla none; the andræcium is represented at maturity by a cylindrical column at the top of which is found a circular disk, bordered by an anther, unique in appearance, opening by a marginal, horizontal, and continuous fissure; female flower, calyx with one lateral sepal, corolla with two lateral petals; ovary unilocular, 1-ovuled; berry small, oval, monospermous. The large, rounded, wrinkled, tuberous root of rusty color, with filiform rootlets, is extremely bitter and tonic." (*Lalessan, Les Plantes Utiles des Colonies Françaises*.)

39085. *THALICTRUM FOLIOLOSUM* DC. Ranunculaceæ.

"This is an erect rigid shrub found in the temperate Himalayas at altitudes between 5,000 and 8,000 feet and in the Khasi Hills at 4,000 and 6,000 feet. The root of this plant is used in the preparation of various medicines for ague and as a tonic in convalescence from acute diseases. The root of this species contains a large quantity of berberine that is so combined as to be readily soluble in water." (*Watt, Dictionary of the Economic Products of India*.)

39086. *TRACHYDIUM OBTUSIUSCULUM* (DC.) C. B. Clarke. Apiaceæ.

Distribution.—An herbaceous perennial related to the parsnip, growing a foot high on the Sikkim Himalayas in northern India, at an elevation of 11,000 to 13,000 feet.

39087 to 39092. (Undetermined.)

39093. *OXYSPORA PANICULATA* (Don) DC.

39094. *HYMENODICTYON EXCELSUM* (Roxb.) Wallich.

39095. *VENTILAGO* sp.

39096. *MORUS* sp.

39097 to 39100. (Undetermined.)

39101. *STACHYS SERICEA* Wallich. Menthaceæ.

An erect herb, 2 to 4 feet in height, with usually simple stems; oblong, sharply toothed or crenate leaves; and purple-spotted pink flowers crowded in axillary whorls, forming more or less interrupted, long, terminal spikes. The plant is covered with long, silky hairs.

Distribution.—Western Asia to northern India.